

# Managing vegetation around high-voltage power lines

Our vegetation management practices focus on public safety and keeping the power flowing.

### Ensuring safety and electric reliability

ATC is a Wisconsin-based company that moves energy along the regional electric grid in parts of the upper Midwest, serving more than 5 million electric consumers. By keeping high-voltage power line corridors free of trees and incompatible vegetation, we help ensure the safety and reliability of the regional electric grid so you have electric power when you need it.

### Why vegetation is removed

Vegetation that grows too close to high-voltage power lines can cause a dangerous situation. Electricity can arc from the lines to a tree branch, igniting a fire or causing an outage. A tree does not need to make direct contact with a high-voltage power line to create a hazard. Incompatible vegetation in a utility corridor can threaten the reliability of the electric grid and lead to wide-spread power outages. Dense, incompatible vegetation in utility corridors hinders access for crews and equipment needed to inspect, maintain and make repairs to the poles and wires.

### Easements grant rights to remove vegetation

An easement gives ATC the legal rights to use the property for the specific purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining the electric grid. The property within the easement is often referred to as the utility corridor or easement strip. Though easement rights may vary from property to property, they typically limit the use of the utility corridor, and they typically allow ATC to remove trees, incompatible vegetation and other obstacles that could interfere with the operation and maintenance of the electric grid. As the property is transferred and sold to new owners, the easement rights remain in place.

### ATC's vegetation management practices

Outages that occur on high-voltage power lines can create a larger, widespread impact than those that occur on lower-voltage lines because thousands of homes and businesses can be impacted. An outage on one high-voltage power line can trigger outages on other lines across a large geographic area. This cascading effect could result in significant damage to the entire electrical grid that would create challenges when restoring power after an outage.

ATC's vegetation management program helps ensure that adequate clearances between high-voltage power lines, trees and other vegetation are maintained at all times. To achieve safe clearances in the utility corridor, incompatible vegetation is pruned or removed.



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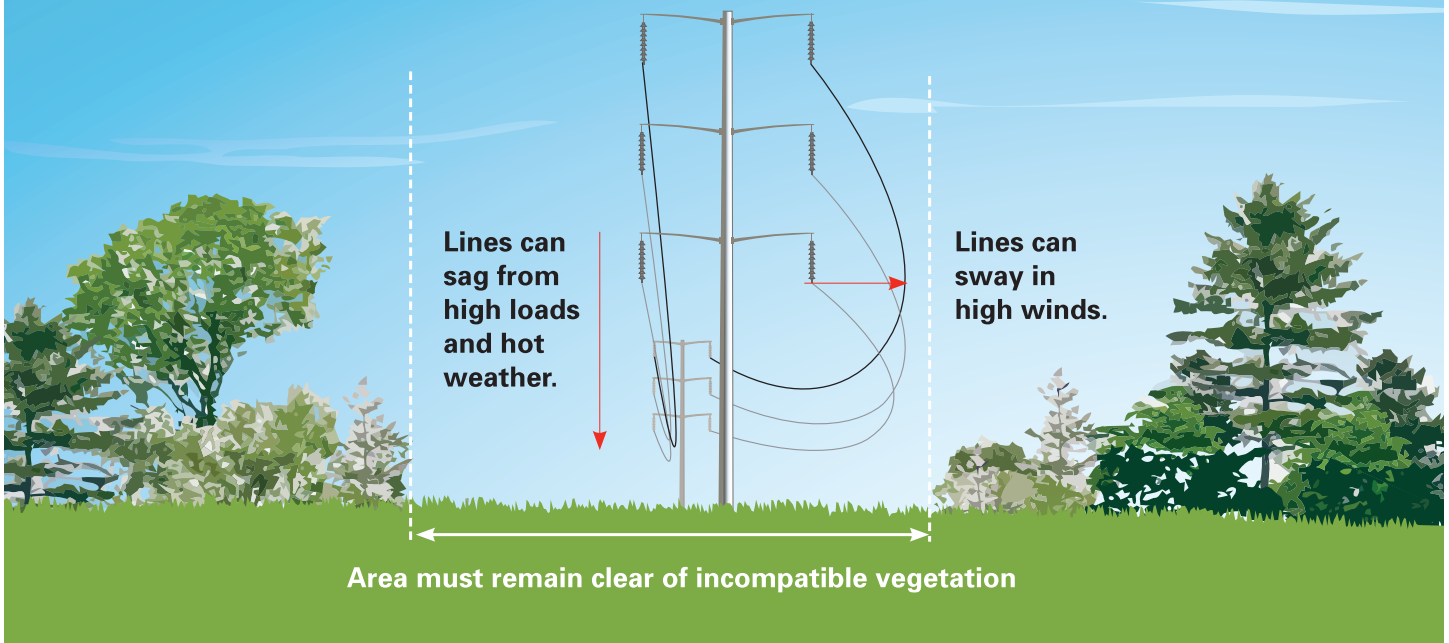
In most situations, landowners should expect that all trees and dense, incompatible vegetation will be removed from the utility corridor during vegetation management work. Trees that are dead, dying, diseased, leaning toward the power lines, or are displaying some other defect to their structural integrity are considered hazard trees. Removing hazard trees, even when they are located outside the utility corridor, helps ATC avoid the danger of these trees causing an outage or damage to the lines, poles and wires.

### How we work with you

ATC generally gives landowners advance notice to make them aware that maintenance is scheduled in their area. A work plan is developed for each property by professional utility foresters, which is based on ATC vegetation management standards. Utility corridor width, pole type, voltage, vegetation type and growth rates, line sag and sway, topography, utility corridor access and vegetation maintenance cycles also are factors in developing a work plan.

## SAFETY & RELIABILITY

### UTILITY CORRIDOR



#### What to expect with initial clearing

As part of the project, a professional utility forester will contact the landowner to explain how we will handle tree and brush removal and disposal on the property before any vegetation management work is conducted. For example:

#### Wetlands and invasive species

- If the property contains a delineated wetland, we will work with the landowner to determine appropriate disposition methods.
- If the vegetation to be cleared contains state-listed invasive species, we will discuss proper handling and management practices with the landowner.

#### Herbicide application

Vegetation may be treated with herbicides through a variety of application methods based on site conditions. Herbicide application lessens the need for extensive clearing and mowing in the future. ATC uses herbicides applied by licensed applicators. The herbicides may be applied directly to specific trees or brush or applied over an entire area. When used correctly, minimal effects can be expected on grasses.

#### What to plant near power lines

Low-growing vegetation is most compatible with high-voltage power lines. Herbicides that are used effectively promote the growth of compatible vegetation that can thrive and support a suitable habitat for pollinators and other wildlife. Low-growing vegetation also has deep root systems, making these plants resilient and more likely to recover from disturbances resulting from maintenance and repair work in the utility corridor.

Visit [atc-GrowSmart.com](https://atc-growsmart.com) to review our planting guide, which provides suggestions for grasses and flowers that are compatible with high-voltage electric facilities in the Upper Midwest. Be aware that guidelines for planting vegetation near lower-voltage power lines operated by your local electric utility may be vastly different from those recommended by ATC.

Also, be sure to contact Wisconsin's Diggers Hotline or Michigan's MISS Dig at 811 before digging. A locating service will mark your property for underground utilities at no cost to you.



**If you have any questions about ATC's vegetation management practices, or the vegetation management work scheduled for your property, please contact us at (866) 899-3204 or visit our website at [atcllc.com/living-working-near-powerlines](https://atcllc.com/living-working-near-powerlines).**



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