ATC & LDC NEV Coordination Efforts

ATC Customer Meeting August 20, 2009



Agenda

- NEV Background
- NEV Collaborative
- Project Coordination
- Q & A



NEV Background

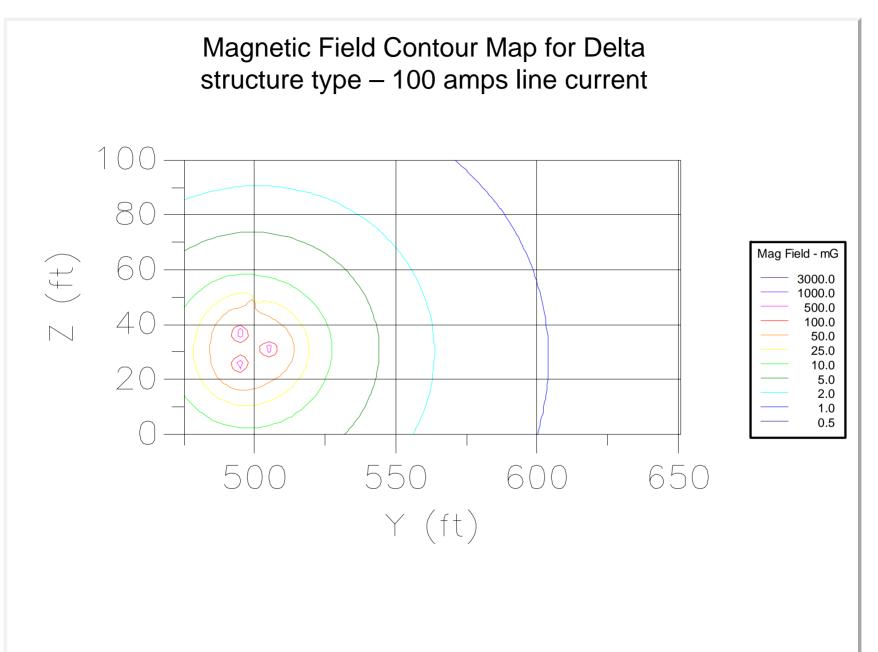
- Distribution system in Wisconsin have:
 - Multi-grounded neutrals
 - Return current flows through the earth
 - Neutral to Earth Voltage (NEV)
- Direct induction due to distribution load current can also affect NEV levels
- Addressing NEV is new to ATC as a company

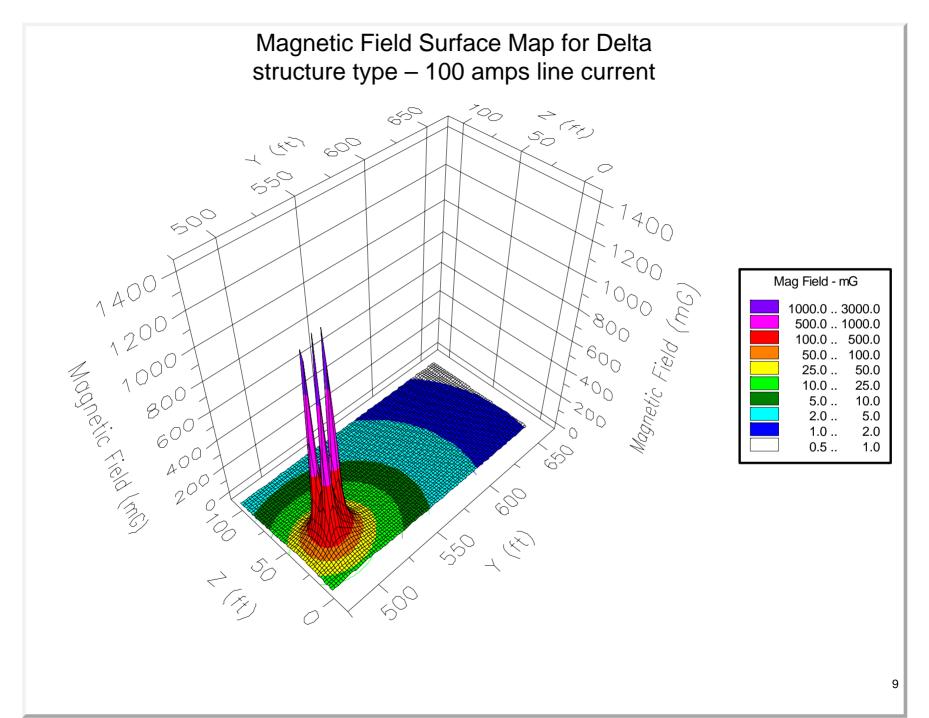


NEV Background

- Transmission system contribution to NEV:
 - Direct induction
 - Magnetic field: can induce a current on the distribution system neutral/earth loop
 - Electric field gradient can create a voltage difference between conductive surfaces (usually not as significant as magnetic field induction)
 - Induction to static wire
 - Magnetic field: can induce a current on the static wire/earth loop
 - Current on the distribution system neutral can be conducted from this source through a bond or through the earth







NEV Collaborative Background

- State law encourages corridor-sharing (Act 89)
- LDCs have history and expertise dealing with NEV
- ATC conducted NEV studies in specific transmission projects
- Assessment and mitigation is an iterative process between ATC and LDCs



Design Options for Reducing NEV

- Bridge discontinuities
- Install an underbuilt transmission shield wire
- Increase separation
- Bond the shield wire to earth and the distribution neutral
- Use a delta configuration
- Bury a counterpoise & bond to the UG neutral
- Incorporate optimal phasing in the design of new double-circuit structures that minimizes induction



PSCW Response

- Additional modeling experience needed
- Prudent avoidance should be explored
- Design mitigation if avoidance is not feasible
- Mitigation is handled on a case by case basis



NEV Collaborative -Cooperation Between the ATC & Local Distribution Utilities (LDCS)

- Identify which projects could have NEV impacts
- Develop an interaction and reporting process
- Use of design guide for documenting processes
- Prepare for consistent landowner communications
- Develop process for addressing non-project NEV inquiries
- Address other issues as identified-quarterly meetings in 2009

Qualifying Project Types

- In general:
 - ATC or LDC project work that occurs on transmission and/or distribution facilities sharing a corridor with less than 150 feet of horizontal separation for a length greater than 1000'
 - two-lane road for more than two transmission spans
- NEV assessment will be done



Qualifying Project Types

- In general, projects that change the conductor configuration, separation, bonding or grounding in the defined corridor will be evaluated and reported
- Similar treatment to "filing" projects
- Bi-annual reporting to PSCW on non-filing projects



Qualifying Project Types

- 1. All requests for attachment to transmission structures made by LDCs (excluding perpendicular crossings)
- 2. An increase in transmission system operating voltage
- 3. An increase in conductor size on an existing transmission line (excluding emergency restorations)
- 4. Relocation of a transmission line that reduces the separation between the existing distribution conductors and an existing transmission line
- 5. A change in conductor configuration for an existing transmission line
- 6. A change in configuration for an existing distribution line
- 7. Construction of a new distribution line that will share a corridor with an existing transmission line
- 8. Change to the transmission line static wire grounding or bonding on the transmission structure with underbuilt distribution
- 9. Transmission thermal upgrade projects

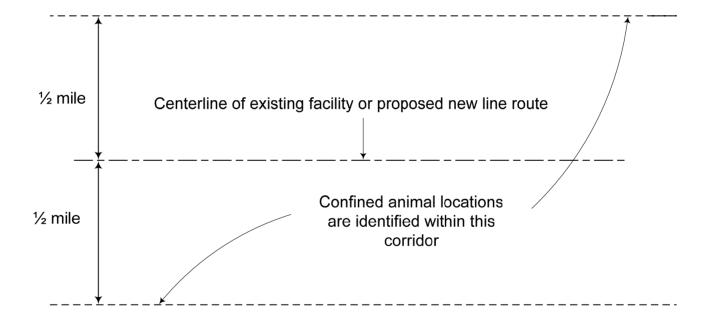


Project Coordination *Transmission and Distribution Share Corridor*

- ATC and LDCs work together to:
 - Examine design and route alternatives
 - Conduct an NEV Assessment within ½ mile of proposed or existing line routes



Confined Animal Studies *Radius of Study Area Defined*





NEV Assessment

- Includes:
 - Confined animal study (within ½ mile of the proposed project)
 - Pre and post construction stray voltage testing at identified animal confinement facilities, offered and conducted by the LDCs
 - Possible additional NEV measurements and system modeling
 - Implementation of design alternatives to minimize NEV, if necessary

Inquiries on Existing Facilities

- LDCs will communicate with the end use customer and conduct the initial tests
- Additional testing may be warranted to determine the relative levels of contribution from the distribution system and transmission system
- The LDCs and ATC will work cooperatively on a mitigation plan



Questions?

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